


RAN-2503000505013001

T. Y. B. Sc. (Sem.-V) (NCF-NEP) Examination October - 2025
Mathematics Major-I MH MJ-501- Group Theory-I

Time: 1 Hour]
[Total Marks: 25
સૂચના : / Instructions

- (1) ઉપરોક્ત દર્શાવેલ વિગતો ઉત્તરવહી પર અવશ્ય લખવી.
Fill up strictly the above details on your answer book
- (2) All questions are compulsory.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate marks of the questions.
- (4) Follow usual notations.

Seat No.:

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Student's Signature

Q.1. Answer the following as directed:
(05)

- (1) Every element a in a group G has the unique inverse in G .
- (2) Prove that every cyclic group is always abelian.
- (3) For a subgroup H of a group G ; define:
 - (i) Relation of “Congruence modulo H ($\equiv \text{mod } H$)” on G ;
 - (ii) Right Coset of H in G .
- (4) If G is a finite group and a in G , then prove that $a^{o(G)} = e$.
- (5) Define Normal Subgroup. Give an illustration of a normal subgroup of a non-abelian group.

Q.2. Attempt any TWO:
(10)

- (a) Prove; in a group G ; that:
 - (i) If $(a \cdot b)^2 = a^2 \cdot b^2$; $\forall a, b$ in G , then G is abelian.
 - (ii) $(a \cdot b)^{-1} = b^{-1} \cdot a^{-1}$; $\forall a, b \in G$.
- (b) Prove that $G = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{R}; a^2 + b^2 \neq 0 \right\}$ is a group under matrix multiplication.
- (c) Prove that the intersection of any two subgroups of a group is a subgroup of a group.

Q.3. Attempt any TWO:
(10)

- (a) Prove that a finite group of prime order is cyclic.
- (b) Let H and K be subgroups of a group G . If HK is a subgroup of G , then prove that $HK = KH$.
- (c) Let N be subgroup of a group G . Then prove that N is a normal subgroup of G if and only if $g \cdot N \cdot g^{-1} = N$; $\forall g \in G$.